Domestic Violence/Workplace Violence and Safety

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Video



Objectives

- Recent facts & statistics on Domestic Violence also known as Intimate Partner Violence, "IPV"
- Affects on mental and physical health
- How to detect/prevent IPV
- Workplace being vulnerable to IPV
- Methods to address & prevent IPV
- Resources available to address this issue

Recent facts and statistics on family violence

According to the AZ Coalition to End Sexual & Domestic Violence

• 1 IN 4 WOMEN & 1 IN 7 MEN

Have experienced domestic violence
in their lifetime
THEREFORE

804,048 women & 453,689 men in
Arizona will experience domestic
violence in their lifetime[1,2]

Arizona 1 or more children witness

• In Arizona, 1 or more children witness violence in their home every 44 minutes.



More Statistics...



- 43% of lesbian women and 61% of bisexual women have experienced rape, physical violence and/or stalking by an intimate partner. [5]
- 26% of gay men, and 37% of bisexual men have experienced rape, physical violence and/or stalking by an intimate partner. [5]
- 2/3 of rapes were committed by someone known to the victim. [3,5]
- 1 in 4 women have experienced domestic violence.[1,2]
- 1 in 7 men have experienced domestic violence.[1,2]
- Native American women experience domestic violence at rates 50% higher than other groups. [3,5]

How to detect if intimate partner violence is occurring with Someone at Your Workplace

People who are being abused may:

- Seem afraid or anxious to please their partner
- Go along with everything their partner says and does
- Check in often with their partner to report where they are and what they're doing
- Receive frequent, harassing phone calls from their partner
- Talk about their partner's temper, jealousy, or possessiveness



People may...

- People who are being physically abused may:
 - Have frequent injuries, with the excuse of "accidents"
 - Frequently miss work, school, or social occasions, without explanation
 - Dress in clothing designed to hide bruises or scars (e.g. wearing long sleeves in the summer or sunglasses indoors)
- People who are being isolated by their abuser may:
 - Be restricted from seeing family and friends
 - Rarely go out in public without their partner
 - Have limited access to money, credit cards, or the car



The psychological warning signs of abuse

- Victims MAY-
 - Have very low self-esteem, even if they used to be confident
 - Show major personality changes
 (e.g. an outgoing person becomes withdrawn)
 - Be depressed, anxious, or suicidal



It is still abuse if...

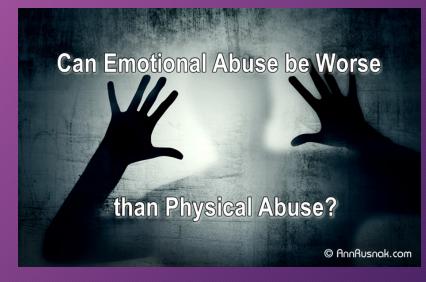


- The incidents of physical abuse seem minor when compared to those you have read about, seen on television, or heard other women talk about.
- The incidents of physical abuse have only occurred one or two times in the relationship. [7]
- The physical assaults stopped when you became passive and gave up your right to express yourself as you desire, to move about freely and see others, and to make decisions.^[7]
- There has not been any physical violence.^[7]

How intimate partner violence affects mental and physical health

- Emotional abuse: It's a bigger problem than you think
 - Not all abusive relationships involve physical violence. Just because you're not battered and bruised doesn't mean you're not being abused. Many men and women suffer from emotional abuse, which is no less destructive. Unfortunately, emotional abuse is often minimized or overlooked—even by the

person being abused.



Economic or financial abuse: A subtle form of emotional abuse

- (Remember, an abuser's goal is to control you, and he or she will frequently use money to do so.) Economic or financial abuse includes:
 - Rigidly controlling your finances
 - Withholding money or credit cards
 - Making you account for every penny you spend
 - Withholding basic necessities (food, clothes, medications, shelter)
 - Restricting you to an allowance
 - Preventing you from working or choosing your own career
 - making you miss work, calling constantly
 - Stealing from you or taking your money



What are common physical effects of intimate partner violence?



- Bruises
- Bruises on or around the eyes
- Red or purple marks at the neck
- Sprained or broken wrists
- Chronic fatigue
- Shortness of breath
- Muscle tension
- Involuntary shaking
- Changes in eating and sleeping patterns
- Sexual dysfunction
- Menstrual cycle or fertility issues in women

What are common mental effects of intimate partner violence?

- Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), including flashbacks, nightmares, severe anxiety, and uncontrollable thoughts
- Depression, including prolonged sadness
- Anxiety
- Low self-esteem and questioning sense of self
- Suicidal thoughts or attempts. If you or someone you know is feeling suicidal, contact the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline at 1.800.273.8255.
- Alcohol and drug abuse



What are common emotional and spiritual effects of intimate partner violence?

- Hopelessness
- Feeling unworthy
- Discouraged about the future
- Inability to trust
- Questioning and doubting spiritual faith
- Unmotivated

Affects on workplace:

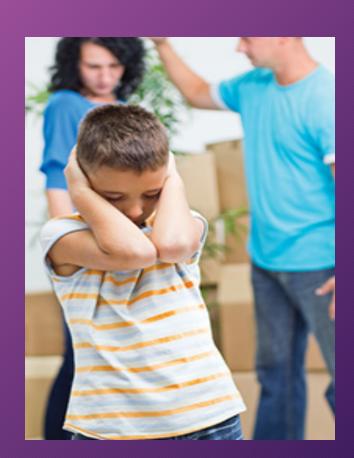
- Less productive at work
- Less inclined to work



What are common effects on children who witness intimate partner violence?

Whether children witness or experience abuse, it can take a toll on their development. Domestic violence victims are not isolated to intimate partners. Children are at an increased risk for emotional behavioral problems regardless if they were directly abused or not. The effects include:

- Anxiety
- Depression
- Academic problems
- Fearful



How intimate partner violence affects the workplace

Costs:

- According to the CDC's cost of intimate partner violence, the annual cost of lost productivity due to domestic violence is estimated as \$727.8 million, with over 7.9 million paid workdays lost each year.
- The costs of intimate partner violence exceed \$5.8 billion each year, \$4.1 billion of which is for direct medical and mental health care services, much of which is paid for by the employer.
- The national law journal says that in one case, a wrongful death action against an employer who failed to respond to an employee's risk of domestic violence on the job cost the employer \$850,000.



Impact on employees

- The 2011 National Domestic Violence and the Workplace Survey found that:
 - ${ ilde 48\%}$ of respondents who reported family violence said the violence had affected them getting to work.
 - 16% of victims reported being distracted, or tired and 10% needed to take time off work.

Impact on Coworkers

Concern for victim

- Fear of violence coming into the workplace
- Concern for personal safety
- Productivity decreases
- Resentment towards victim (heavier workload for coworkers covering)
- Perceived special treatment from managers

Impact on Workplace

- Compromised safety at workplace
- Increased threat of violence
- Increased health care costs
- Turnover and recruitment costs
- Productivity decreases

What Employers Can Do

- Start the conversation
- Training managers and supervisors
- Build Awareness
- Offer counseling services through EAP (Employee Assistance Program)
- Choose Health Plans that include counseling
- Create policies and procedures
- Create partnerships with local shelters (attached)

Social Ecological Model

SOCIAL ECOLOGICAL MODEL

INDIVIDUAL:

Factors in an individual's biological and personal history that increase the possibility of becoming a victim or perpetrator of violence.

Example: Attitudes or beliefs that support sexual violence, impulsive and anti-social behaviors, history of abuse or witnessing abuse, alcohol or drug abuse.

RELATIONSHIP:

Factors within an individual's closest relationships, such as social peers, intimate partners, and family members that increase their risk.

Example: Association with sexually aggressive peers, emotionally unsupportive, physically violent or strongly patriarchal family environment.

COMMUNITY:

Factors on the community level such as relationships with schools, workplaces, and neighborhoods that may increase the individual's risk.

Example: General tolerance of sexual assault, lack of support from police or judicial system, poverty, weak community sanctions against perpetrators.

SOCIETAL:

Societal or cultural norms that create an environment that accepts or condones violence or inequality.

Example: Inequality due to an individuals gender, religion, culture, sexual orientation, or race. inequality due to economic and social policies.

Take Action



Notice the event along a continuum of actions

Consider whether the situation demands your action

Decide if you have a responsibility to act

Choose what form of assistance to use

Understand how to implement the choice safely

Source: Darley and Latane, 1968

Policies and Procedures

Creating a Policy:

- Include legal dept. if you have one.
- Sample template policy from HAWP.
- Employee Code of Conduct and Workplace Violence that includes Domestic Violence.
- Include Workplace Safety
 - Bringing a copy of order of protection and giving to appropriate staff, include picture of person to front desk staff, make accommodations with hours etc. if needed, involve security if needed. Maintain confidentiality.

Policies and Procedures Continued...

Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 13-4439 : Right to leave work

- An employer who has fifty or more employees for each working day in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, and any agent of that employer, shall allow an employee who is a victim of a crime to leave work to:
- Exercise the employee's right to be present at a proceeding.
- Obtain or attempt to obtain an order of protection, an injunction against harassment or any other injunctive relief to help ensure the health, safety or welfare of the victim or the victim's child.
- An employer may not dismiss an employee who is a victim of a crime because the employee exercises the right to leave work.

Policies and Procedures Continued...

Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 12-1810: Injunction against workplace harassment; definitions

 An employer or an authorized agent of an employer may file a written verified petition with an official, justice of peace or superior court judge for an sanction prohibiting workplace harassment.

Policies and Procedures Continued...

Proposition 206: The Fair Wages and Healthy Families Act

- The most recent ballot initiative on November 8, 2016 establishes a new state minimum wage effective January 1, 2017, and entitles employees to accrue earned paid sick time beginning July 1, 2017.
- An employer can require reasonable documentation of absences of three of more consecutive work days, an employer may not require that an employee specify the relevant health condition or the details of domestic violence, sexual violence, abuse or stalking.
- FMLA doesn't mention domestic violence but could offer job protection to employee still.

October: Domestic Violence Awareness Month



"October is Domestic Violence Awareness Month. In partnership with the State of Arizona and the City of Phoenix, the County Administration building will be lit purple each night to shine light on this serious issue that impacts so many."

-Chairman Denny Barney, District 1

Events throughout the month: Supervisor Steve Gallardo: coffee and a chance at winning a Maricopa County mug while gaining awareness at one of these Domestic Violence events. "We need to work together to ensure our community understands the impact of domestic violence so we can help stop the abuse of power and control in relationships."

-Supervisor Steve Gallardo, District 5

WINGS: Women Initiating New Goals of Safety

- It is an evidence-based, single-session Screening, Brief Intervention tool, and referral to treatment services. It is designed to address Intimate Partner Violence.
- Starts the conversation about substance abuse and IPV
- It is a 'harm reduction' approach using Motivational Interviewing



Conclusion/ Resources

• Attached:

- Statewide Sexual and Domestic Violence Services list
- Arizona Coalition to End Sexual & Domestic Violence (ACESDV) list of activities to do for Domestic Violence awareness in the workplace
- Sample Domestic Violence/Intimate Partner Violence Policy
- You can also call the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-SAFE (7233)
- SHRM: "Society for Human Resource Management"
- Wings: blogs.cuit.Columbia.edu/wings/
- Encourage help-seeking behaviors, Adopt policies to encourage engagement, and Celebrate the actions of bystanders.
- Workplaces Respond workplacesrespond.org

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Questions??

